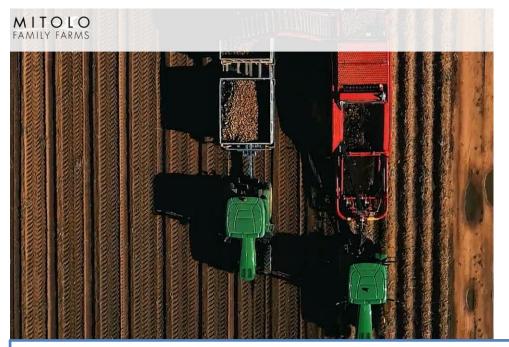


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### Achieving best outcomes from Seed supply

- 1. Communication
- 2. Specification
- 3. Quality control
- 4. On time / In Full Delivery
- 5. Consistency.
- 6. Grade size = seed count per tonne Plant seed pieces per Ha not tonnes
- Control. Dormancy break/Storage Burn down date Seed tuber temperature

Seed efficiency - correct physiological age – correct volume – correct spacing/plant density Generates even emergence stem number to set crop









# Communication

#### Purchaser

Prior to planting agreed

- 1. Variety
- 2. Volume
- 3. Desired harvest date
- 4. Size specification-range
- 5. Agreed pricing
- 6. Freight arrangements
- 7. Delivery address



#### Supplier

- 1. Customer requirements
- 2. Maintaining variety integrity
- 3. Planting date
- 4. PCN report
- 5. Date of Emergence
- 6. 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> inspection Report
- 7. Virus leaf sample results
- 8. Desiccation date
- 9. Harvest date
- 10. Grading schedule



#### Seed Confidence Farm Safety ....working together



# The Seed Growers Commitment to their Customer





#### **Quality Control Tuber Harvest and Grading**

- 1. Variety integrity (Labelling)
- 2. Skin set prior to harvest
- 3. Mother tuber broken down
- 4. Virus levels low and within specification
- 5. Scabs and Black Dot not negotiable
- 6. Graded to customer size range requirements
- 7. Tuber counts
- 8. Tuber temperature
- 9. Accurate documentation

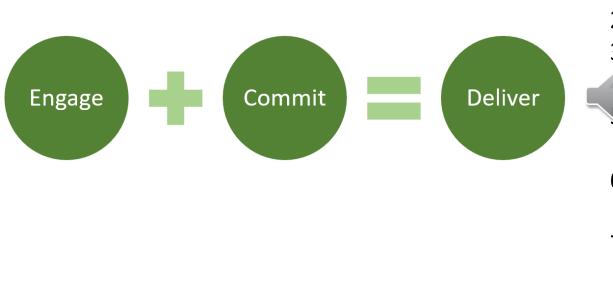
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# The Seed Growers Commitment to their Customer





## Specification

- 1. Variety integrity (Labelling)
- 2. Full skin set prior to harvest
- 3. No break down (soft rots)
- . Well ventilated curing
- Graded to State certification standards and customer sizing requirements
- 6. Graded into new packaging or clean and disinfected bins
- Correct documentation to facilitate cross border movement and identification of product supplied

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# The Seed Growers Commitment to their Customer





## **Delivery of seed**

- Communicate with purchaser when seed will be harvested graded, inspected and ready for collection
- 2. Seed graded into customer size requirements and each bag or bin clearly marked with the vital information grower details, crop ID number, variety, size, generation, post harvest chemical treatments
- 3. Documentation supplied with each consignment
- 4. Purchaser perform quality control checks on all consignments of seed and share their findings with the suppler.

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### Control

Planning and controlling these key factor aid future production outcomes meet grower and customer expectations by ensuring the "P" age is optimal by:

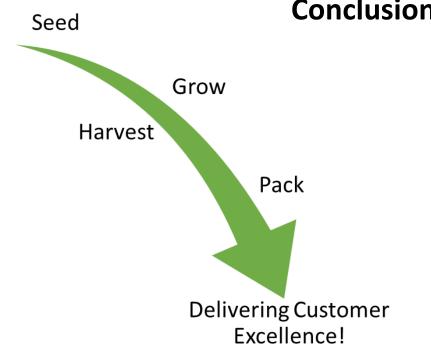
- 1. Planting date to delivery (days)
- 2. Desiccation to delivery (days)
- 3. Curing periods (days)
- 4. Temperature drawdown of seed for cool storage
- 5. Cool storage monitoring
- 6. Temperature control
- 7. CO<sub>2</sub> control
- 8. Warming up seed for planting

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Conclusion

Suppliers and purchaser working to better understand the crop and business requirements. Implementing the plan and controlling the key factor of seed potato supply delivery and storage will:

- 1. Planting correct physiological age seed
- 2. Premature aging of seed reduced by monitoring and controlling temperature, and CO<sub>2</sub>
- 3. Seed health and vigour will be improved
- Improved crop emergence and uniformity 4.
- 5. Potential for increased marketable yield

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